# earthbarycen

February 1, 2016

### Abstract

Convert time tags from the local satellite frame to earth-based Barycentric Dynamical Time

# 1 Instruments/Modes

not applicable

## 2 Use

pipeline processing	no
interactive analysis	yes

# 3 Description

### 3.1 Introduction

The **earthbarycen** task converts times expressed in the local satellite frame to Barycentric Dynamical Time (TDB) at a given point on the Earth. In more detail, the task requires as main input a table in a data set which contains a column with times in XMM MET (Mission Elapsed Time) frame[1]. On this table, the following operations are carried out:

- 1. Check whether the earthbarycentric conversion has been performed already (based on value of attribute TIMEREF) and, if found true, exit
- 2. Correct all time tags stored in a specified column of the table
- 3. If a Good Time Interval extension exists, convert all interval start and stop times to TDB as well
- 4. Correct all time tags stored in the EXPOSU tables, if the parameter **processexposutables** is enabled.
- 5. Update the values of the attributes TIMEREF, TSTART, TSTOP, and TELAPSE where necessary



In accordance with NASA/OGIP recommendations, the value of the TIMEREF keyword is either LOCAL or SOLARSYSTEM depending on whether the times are expressed in local satellite time or TDB. Note that the conversion to TDB does not affect the actual *time system* in use, i.e., all times keep being referred to the fixed mission reference time 1998-01-01T00:00:00 TT [1].

The conversion of a satellite time tag to TDB requires the knowledge of the satellite's position at that time. Therefore, the task needs access to the orbit file in the ODF which covers the time period in question. This access is done transparently via the ODF access layer which, however, needs to be pointed to the directory containing the ODF.

In addition to the satellite position data, the time conversion algorithm in use by **earthbarycen** requires the barycentric vectors for the time period in question to be known a priori. This information is comprised in the JPL ephemeris data set in FITS format which is part of the **barycen** package.

## 4 Parameters

This section documents the parameters recognized by this task (if any).					
Parameter	Mand	Type	Default	Constraints	

withtable	yes	boolean	true	Whether to convert ta-
				ble in a dataset

should be set to *true* if a table containing events to correct has been specified and to *false* otherwise.

	table	yes	$\operatorname{string}$		name of existing table		
	a specifier which must point to a table in a data set. It must be in either of the two forms setname:, or						
	setname:tableid where setname must be the name of an existing data set and tableid an identifier of						
,	a table in that data set. If the first form, setname:, is used, the table data are sought in the <i>first</i> block						
,	of the named data set.						

timecolumn	no	string	TIME	name of existing col-
				umn

the name of an existing column of type real64 in the table given via the parameter *table* (see Sect. 4). The values in the column are interpreted as XMM MET tags and corrected for earthbarycentric propagation delays. Please note: This process is *irreversible* - if the original time column is to be kept a copy of the data set should be made a priori.

withsrccoordinates	no	boolean	false	true—false	
The earthbarycentric correction algorithms needs the coordinates of the celestial source. This boolean					
parameter determines from where these are obtained. If set to false, the coordinates are attempted to					
be read from the attributes RA_OBJ/DEC_OBJ in the table or the associates set. If this fails, the attributes					
RA_NOM/DEC_NOM are read instead. If this fails as well a fatal error condition is raised. If withsrccoordinates					
is set to true, the user has to provide the coordinates through the parameters <i>srcra/srcdec</i> .					



srcra/srcdec	no	string		source coordinates
If with managemention at a sat to	twee the ex	and in ator a	f the colocital course has	a to be appointed through

If withsrccoordinates is set to true the coordinates of the celestial source have to be specified through these parameters in the equatorial, earth-centered J2000 reference frame. Recognized formats are for srcra (Right Ascension)

- 1. 123.45678 (decimal degrees)
- $2. \ \ 23 \ \ 59 \ \ 59.1223$
- 3. 23h59m59.1234s

and for *srcdec* (Declination)

- 1. 123.45678 (decimal degrees)
- $2. \ 20 \ 18 \ 59.1223$
- $3. \ 20018'59.1234"$

rocessgtis	o b	poolean	true	true—false	
blean switch determining	ther any p	resent GT	I tables should be corre-	cted as well or not.	The
Jean Switch determining	, any pi	itesent G1	1 tables should be corre-	cieu as well of i	100.

parameter has no effect if the set does not contain any GTI tables.

processexposutablesnobooleantruetrue—falseBoolean switch determining whether any present EXPOSU tables should be corrected as well or not. The<br/>parameter has no effect if the set does not contain any GTI tables.The

basetime	no	real	0	
Base time for MET frame				

time	no	real	0		
A single time tag in MET fr	came on wh	ich to perfo	rm the earthbarycentric	correction.	Only used if
withtable is false.					

obslong	no	real	0		
The longitude (East positive) of earth-bound observer					

obslat	no	real	0	
Geodetic latitude of earth-bou				



obsalt	no	real	0			
Altitude above NN of earth-bound observer [m]						

ephemeris	no	string	DE200	DE200—DE405		
Name of an ASCII earth ephemeris file extension in the JPL format to be used in lieu of a standard one.						
This file contains earthbarycentric vectors needed by the TDB conversion algorithm.						

### 5 Errors

This section documents warnings and errors generated by this task (if any). Note that warnings and errors can also be generated in the SAS infrastructure libraries, in which case they would not be documented here. Refer to the index of all errors and warnings available in the HTML version of the SAS documentation.

ThisIsNotXMM (error)

No XMM data set given

#### NoCorrectionNecessary (error)

The specified table has already been processed with **earthbarycen** 

#### **NoEphemerisFile** (error)

The JPL ephemeris file was not found

#### NoPositionData (error)

There is no position data available for a particular time — set time to NaN

#### **EXPOSUTableSelected** (warning)

An EXPOSU table was selected as input table, in this case, any other EXPOSU table will be corrected.

*corrective action:* If you want to correct all the EXPOSU tables, introduce as input the EVENTS table.

#### NoSuchAttribute (warning)

A keyword, representing the start or end date of the observation is missing from the input table

*corrective action:* The absolute time values may be wrong if this key word isn't set correctly. If this is important to you then add the keyword to the file header

#### **TDBConversionImpossible** (warning)

The date of the start or end of the observation, taken from the file header keywords, could not be understood

 $corrective\ action:$  Check that the DATE-OBS and DATE-END keywords are written correctly in the table header

### 6 Input Files

1. a data set with a table containing a time column to be processed



# 7 Output Files

1. the input data set with modified time column

# 8 Algorithm

```
subroutine earthbarycen
```

```
check if earthbarycentering has been applied already - if yes, exit
locate ODF orbit file
locate earth ephemeris file
foreach row in table
    compute TBD from time value of current row
end
update timing related attributes
foreach GTI extension
    forach row in GTI table
        compute TBD of START and STOP time
    end
end
```

**Future developments** 

end subroutine earthbarycen

## References

9

[1] Time system standards in XMM science data sets, TN to be written by TBD

# References