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ebkgreg

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Abstract

EPIC background selection for Source Products extraction

1 Instruments/Modes

| Instrument | Mode |
|------------|---------|
| EPIC PN | IMAGING |

2 Use

| pipeline processing | yes | |
|----------------------|-----|--|
| interactive analysis | yes | |

3 Description

The task **ebkgreg** searchs for the most suitable position of a circle region to get the background estimation of any source in an EPIC-pn image.

This task has two processing modes: multiple sources from an input source list file or single-source from command-line arguments.

In the multiple sources case the input source list has to contain the following basic parameters for each source: celestial coordinates (RA, DEC), EPIC-pn counts (PN_CTS) and EPIC-pn offaxis information (PN_OFFAX). The extraction region radius for each source is obtained from a tabulated table and it depends on the counts and the off-axis values of the source. All of that mandatory information is included in the 'EPIC summary source list' from the standard distribution of the pipe-line processing. Additionally that source list can be created from **srcmatch** (follow the link for further information).

Alternatively the extraction region radius for each source can be present in the input source list as SRC_RAD. In this case this is the mandatory column in the input, but not PN_CTS and PN_OFFAX.

Only in the single-source mode the source basic information can be given via the command-line arguments, x, y and r, where x, y are the celestial coordinates of the source and r is the source extraction radius for



| Table 1 | : Input | tand | Output | quantities |
|---------|---------|------|--------|------------|
| | | | | |

| Value | Description | Units |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| X | Source RA or X Sky coord | deg. or 0.05 arcsec pixel |
| у | Source Dec or Y Sky coord | deg. or 0.05 arcsec pixel |
| r | Source extraction radius | arcsec |
| bkg_ra_out | Background region center RA | \deg . |
| bkg_dec_out | Background region center Dec | \deg . |
| bkg_rad_arcsec_out | Background region radius | arcsec |
| bkg_x_out | Background region center X sky coord | 0.05 arcsec pixel |
| bkg_y_out | Background region center Y sky coord | 0.05 arcsec pixel |
| $bkg_rad_phys_out$ | Background region radius | 0.05 arcsec pixel |

Table 2: Input Source List. Mandatory Columns (case 1)

| Src number | Right-ascension | Declination | PN counts | PN Off Axis |
|------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| SRC_NUM | RA | DEC | PN_CTS | PN_OFFAX |

source products in arcsec. Depending on the coordtype the source position could be RA,Dec or X,Y Sky coord.

The algorith will search for that background position in the same CCD where the source is located.

The background extraction region always have a radius larger than 3 pixels, otherwise no background is calculated.

3.1 Input

3.1.1 Image

The source image may be input in detector or sky (X/Y) coordinates. The task expects to find astrometry keywords in a certain part of the primary header and will exit with an error if the keywords are not found. Standard images produced by evselect and xmmselect and the pipeline will process ok. The background spline maps produced by the pipeline source detection chain and the exposure maps produced by eexpmap need to be pre-processed before they can be used within ebkgreg (see ecoordconv task).

That image has to contain keywords INSTRUME, DATE-OBS, RA_PNT, DEC_PNT and PA_PNT. It also needs to contain the WCS keywords, CRPIX1 etc. to allow conversion to image pixels. A further set of keywords, REFXCRPX etc. allow translation to an X/Y tangential plane coordinate system.

3.1.2 Source list

Source positions are read from the input source list file which has to contain celestial coordinates (RA, DEC), EPIC-pn counts (PN_CTS) and EPIC-pn offaxis information (PN_OFFAX). This is the default method.

Alternatively the extraction region radius for each source can be present in the input source list as SRC_RAD.



Table 3: Input Source List. Mandatory Columns (case 2)

| Src number | Right-ascension | Declination | Source extraction radius |
|------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| SRC_NUM | RA | DEC | SRC_RAD |

Table 4: Source position + extraction radius

| x | Source RA or X Sky coord | deg. or 0.05 arcsec pixel |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| у | Source DEC or Y Sky coord | deg. or 0.05 arcsec pixel |
| r | Source extraction radius | arcsec |

The resulting Background information will be added to the input Source List in extra columns. (see Section 3.2 for information about those extra columns).

3.1.3 Source position

A single-source position can be given from the command-line arguments. Celestial coordinates plus a source extraction region radius is needed:

3.2 Output

columns:

In case of a single-source input the results are thrown to a stdout string.

The strings shown may be searched for in a script and every effort will be made to keep them constant between versions of this task.

ebkgreg withsrclist=no withcoords=yes imageset=pnimagexy.ds x=28521 y=22721 r=34 coordtype=POS

```
#
# Instrument: EPN
# Source position RA, Dec (deg.) : 128.278, 35.0418
# Source extraction radius (arcsec): 34
Best background position estimation:
 RA, Dec (deg.)
                          : 128.246, 35.0276
 Extraction radius (arcsec): 61.8675
 X,Y Sky Coord.
                                   : 30398.9, 21701.8
 Extraction radius (X,Y Sky Coord.): 1237.35
```

In case of multiple-sources from a source list input file the results are included in the input file as extra

Table 5: Background information. Extra columns to the input file

| Column | Description | Units |
|--------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| BKG_DETX | Bkg Linearised Camera X-Coordinate | $0.05~\mathrm{arcsec}$ |
| BKG_DETY | Bkg Linearised Camera Y-Coordinate | $0.05 \ \mathrm{arcsec}$ |
| BKG_RA | Bkg Right-ascension | \deg |
| BKG_DEC | Bkg Declination | \deg |
| $BKG_{-}IMX$ | Bkg Image X | pixel |
| $BKG_{-}IMY$ | Bkg Image Y | pixel |
| $BKG_{-}X$ | Bkg X | $0.05 \ \mathrm{arcsec}$ |
| $BKG_{-}Y$ | Bkg Y | $0.05 \ \mathrm{arcsec}$ |
| BKG_RAD | Bkg extraction region radius | 0.05 arcsec |

3.3 Task requirements

Because this task performs several coordinates conversions by using **esky2det** and **edet2sky**, access to the CCF components relevant to the dates of observation and analysis is required. (follow the links for further information). This is achieved in the usual way by constructing a cif file with cifbuild and pointing to it with the environment variable SAS_CCF.

4 Parameters

This section documents the parameters recognized by this task (if any).

| Parameter Mand Type | Default | Constraints |
|---------------------|---------|-------------|
|---------------------|---------|-------------|

| imageset | yes | string | image | |
|----------|-----|--------|-------|--|

Input image FITS file (eg., P0123456789PNS003IMAGE_8000.FIT/FTZ).

| withsrclist | no | boolean | true | |
|-------------|----|---------|------|--|
| | | | | |

Whether to use the source list in the observation.

| srclisttab | yes | table | |
|------------|-----|-------|--|
| | | | |

Mandatory if withsrclist is true. Source list (e.g., P0123456789EPX000OBSMLI0000.FIT/FTZ) in the observation.

| withsrcrad | no | boolean | false | |
|------------|----|---------|-------|--|
| | | | | |

Extraction region radius for each source (SRC_RAD) from input Source List, instead the tabulated LOOKUP.FITS table. This parameter is read if withsrclist is true.

| withcoords | no | boolean | false | |
|------------|----|---------|-------|--|

| coordtype yes | string eqpos | eqpos pos |
|----------------------|--------------|-----------|
|----------------------|--------------|-----------|

The coordinate system for which the source position, specified by the parameter x and y, is defined. If coordtype is set to eqpos, then x, y correspond to RA and DEC respectively in decimal degrees. If coordtype = pos, then x, y correspond to POS coordinates. (Note that the POS coordinates are defined relative to a nominal pointing position; this is taken from the global attributes REFXCRVL and REFYCRVL of the image dataset.)

| x | yes | real | | | |
|--|-----|------|--|--|--|
| The X coordinate of the source position. | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| У | yes | real | | | |
| The Y coordinate of the source position. | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| r | yes | real | | | |

Source extraction region radius in arcsec.

5 Errors

This section documents warnings and errors generated by this task (if any). Note that warnings and errors can also be generated in the SAS infrastructure libraries, in which case they would not be documented here. Refer to the index of all errors and warnings available in the HTML version of the SAS documentation.

invalidImageType (error)

The DATAMODE keyword is not IMAGING in the image file header.

 ${\bf invalid Mode Type} \ (error)$

The INSTRUME keyword is not EPN in the image file header.

6 Input Files

- 1. An EPIC-pn image produced by evselect or xmmselect or the pipeline.
- 2. A Source list (optional).

Algorithm

The algorithm search for a background region in the same CCD where the source is located, avoiding the same source column because of the out-of-time events. That circular background always have a radius larger than 3 pixels, otherwise no background is calculated.



References