inthist

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Abstract

Plot histograms of the intensity distributions of sets of EPIC images for user selected pixels size.

1 Instruments/Modes

| Instrument | Mode | |
|------------|---------|--|
| EPIC MOS | Imaging | |
| EPIC pn | Imaging | |

2 Use

| pipeline processing | yes | |
|----------------------|-----|--|
| interactive analysis | no | |

3 Description

This task takes the EPIC images in the input list of images, divides them by the images in the input list of 'exposure maps', rebins the resulting images to a user-specified bin size and plots the corresponding intensity (count-rate) histograms (number of image bins containing a countrate within a certain interval) to a single PostScript file. The last bin includes all rebinned pixels brighter than the maximum value shown in the x-axis and it is marked with an arrow.

The rationale for developping this task is to allow the user to estimate quickly the intensity background in a number of bands, and to assess the significance of the detection of faint sources. To achieve this, it is necessary that the input images are in a useful set of energy bands (such as the default EPIC IMAG-ING energy bands), and that the images listed in the parameter **exposuresets** are their corresponding exposure maps.

Furthermore, if the user-selected bin size **binsize** is the size of the point spread function, the number of pixels above a given countrate is roughly the number of sources with fluxes above that countrate.



4 Parameters

This section documents the parameters recognized by this task (if any).

| 1 | | 0 , | | |
|-----------|------|------|---------|-------------|
| Parameter | Mand | Type | Default | Constraints |

| sets | yes | list of | M1_image1.fits | list of valid data sets |
|------|-----|-----------|----------------|-------------------------|
| | | data-sets | M1_image2.fits | |
| | | | M1_image3.fits | |
| | | | M1_image4.fits | |
| | | | M1_image5.fits | |

List of FITS files containing the input images in different bands

| exposuresets | yes | list of | M1_expmap1.fits | list of valid data sets |
|--------------|-----|-----------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| | | data-sets | M1_expmap2.fits | |
| | | | M1_expmap3.fits | |
| | | | M1_expmap4.fits | |
| | | | M1_expmap5.fits | |

List of FITS files containing the exposure maps for the corresponding images listed in sets.

| tmpflatsets | no | list of | flat_1.img | list of valid file names |
|-------------|----|---------|------------|--------------------------|
| | | file- | flat_2.img | |
| | | names | flat_3.img | |
| | | | flat_4.img | |
| | | | flat_5.img | |

List of FITS files that will contain the temporary flatfielded images (images divided by their corresponding exposure maps). If this parameter is left blank, the temporary flatfielded images are called $flat_i.img$, where *i* goes from 1 to the number of images in parameter sets.

| binsize | yes | real | 0.01667 | > 0.0 |
|--|------|------|---------|-------|
| Size of the rebinned pixels in degrees for histogramming. It will be rounded to the nearest integer multiple | | | | |
| of the pixel size in the input i | mage | | | |

| outfile | yes | file- | inthist.ps | valid file name |
|---------|-----|-------|------------|-----------------|
| | | name | | |

Name of the output Post Script file containing plots of the histograms

5 Errors

This section documents warnings and errors generated by this task (if any). Note that warnings and errors can also be generated in the SAS infrastructure libraries, in which case they would not be documented here. Refer to the index of all errors and warnings available in the HTML version of the SAS documentation.

InvalidDataType (fatal)

Data type in input image is not permitted

IncNumImg (fatal)

The number of images in sets is not equal to the number of images in exposuresets



| IncNumFlat (j | fatal) |
|------------------------|--|
| The | number of images in sets is not equal to the number of temporary files in tmpflatsets |
| ErrFarith (fata | ul) |
| The | FTOOLS task farith cannot be run in the process explained by the associated message |
| ErrFstruct (fa | tal) |
| The | FTOOLS task fstruct cannot be run in the process explained by the associated message |
| ErrFkeypar (fo | atal) |
| The | FTOOLS task fkeypar cannot be run in the process explained by the associated message |
| ErrIntmakehis | st (fatal) |
| Proł | blem raised while trying to create histograms using module intmakehist |
| badDevice (fat | tal) |
| Spec | cified PGPLOT device cannot be opened |
| MissingFitsKe | \mathbf{Eyw} (fatal) |
| The | WCS keyword CDELT1 is not included in the input image |
| AllocationErro | or (fatal) |
| Faile | ed allocation for internal array |
| | ue (fatal) requested bin size is smaller than one of the input images pixel size, larger than one of input image's size or it results in a binned image with only one pixel |
| | rning) of the input images is not an EPIC image ective action: |
| | warning) of the input exposure maps is not an EPIC exposure map ective action: |
| EmptyHistogr | cam (warning) |
| All i | intensities in one or more of the bands are equal |

An intensities in one or more of the bands are eq corrective action: Check input file names

6 Input Files

- 1. List of input Images. Each Image is a PPS product called "EPIC IMAGE".
- 2. List of Exposure maps for the corresponding images in sets. Each Exposure map is a PPS product called "EPIC EXPOSURE MAP".

7 Output Files

1. Post Script file in which each physical page will be divided in 6 boxes. In each box a histogram for each of the input images will be plotted. The last one will contain some useful information such as the binned pixel size, exposure time, etc.

This file is a PPS product named "EPIC Postscript intensity histogram".



8 Algorithm

inthist is a perl task which does the following:

- 1. Read input parameters and check for errors
- 2. Run the FTOOLS task farith to flat field the input images
- 3. Run the F90 module intmakehist:

module intmakehist

Read input flatfielded images and parameters

Open output Post Script file

Foreach (input image){

Rebin to specified binsize

Estimate histogram mean and variance using sigma clipping

Compute optimal histogram binsize and display range based on mean and variance $% \left({{{\left({{{{{\bf{n}}}} \right)}}}_{\rm{c}}} \right)$

Build and plot intensity histogram

Close Post Script file

end module intmakehist

}

9 Comments

- If the proper (recommended) binning size is used, it should be possible to measure source counts with the positive tail of the histograms
- Rounds up rebinned pixel size to the nearest integer multiple of the elementary pixel size of the input images
- Ignores pixels on the edges that do not fit in an integer number of rebinned pixels
- Temporary files are created with the names specified in the parameter tmpflatsets and are deleted when they are no longer needed, at the end of the task.

10 Future developments

In the future, and with low priority, the task might include the possibility to overlay histograms from template (source-free) images for comparison. In this way it would be possible, for example, to check for the presence of extended low surface brightness sources.



References