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1 PDFs Matching Conditions

If the (Zero Mass) Variable Flavour Number Scheme (ZM–VFNS) at NNLO is considered, matching conditions for the PDFs and the coupling constant at the heavy quarks thresholds (m_c^2 , m_b^2 and m_t^2) must be implemented. This is due to the fact that we are working with an “effective theory” where before a certain threshold, say m_h^2 , the heavy quark flavour h is treated as infinitely massive, while after the crossing of the same threshold the same flavour is treated as massless. This results in discontinuities of PDFs and coupling constant in correspondence of the thresholds. Such discontinuities can be evaluated in perturbation theory, and in particular one can see that they start at NNLO, so that PDFs and a_s are continuous at LO and NLO [1].

The discontinuity of the PDF l (in the Mellin space) of a light quark⁽¹⁾ just beyond of the threshold $m_h^2 (= m_c^2, m_b^2, m_t^2)$, where the effective flavour number passes from N_f to $N_f + 1$, is given as a function of the same PDF just before the threshold by the following relation [2]:

$$l^{(N_f+1)}(N, m_h^2) = [1 + a_s^2(m_h^2) A_{qq,h}^{NS,(2)}(N)] l^{(N_f)}(N, m_h^2). \quad (1)$$

with $l = u, \bar{u}, d, \bar{d}, \dots$, while the gluon distribution function is given by:

$$\begin{aligned} g^{(N_f+1)}(N, m_h^2) &= [1 + a_s^2(m_h^2) A_{gg,h}^{S,(2)}(N)] g^{(N_f)}(N, m_h^2) + \\ &a_s^2(m_h^2) A_{gg,h}^{S,(2)}(N) \Sigma^{(N_f)}(N, m_h^2) \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

and, in the end, the sum of heavy quark h and its anti-quark \bar{h} , which are going to be produced after the threshold m_h^2 , is:

$$(h^{(N_f+1)} + \bar{h}^{(N_f+1)})(N, m_h^2) = a_s^2(m_h^2) [\tilde{A}_{hq}^{S,(2)}(N) \Sigma^{(N_f)}(N, m_h^2) + \tilde{A}_{hg}^{S,(2)}(N) g^{(N_f)}(N, m_h^2)]. \quad (3)$$

Of course, we have $h = \bar{h}$.

Now, since:

$$\Sigma^{(N_f+1)} = \sum_{l=1}^{N_f} (l^{(N_f+1)} + \bar{l}^{(N_f+1)}) + (h^{(N_f+1)} + \bar{h}^{(N_f+1)}) \quad (4)$$

we find that the matching condition for the singlet is:

$$\begin{aligned} \Sigma^{(N_f+1)}(N, m_h^2) &= [1 + a_s^2(m_h^2) A_{qq,h}^{NS,(2)}(N)] \Sigma^{(N_f)}(N, m_h^2) + \\ &a_s^2(m_h^2) [\tilde{A}_{hq}^{S,(2)}(N) \Sigma^{(N_f)}(N, m_h^2) + \tilde{A}_{hg}^{S,(2)}(N) g^{(N_f)}(N, m_h^2)] \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

so that, from eqs. (2) and (5):

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(N_f+1)} \\ g^{(N_f+1)} \end{pmatrix} &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 + a_s^2[A_{qq,h}^{NS,(2)} + \tilde{A}_{hq}^{S,(2)}] & a_s^2 \tilde{A}_{hg}^{S,(2)} \\ a_s^2 A_{gg,h}^{S,(2)} & 1 + a_s^2 A_{gg,h}^{S,(2)} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(N_f)} \\ g^{(N_f)} \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \left[\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + a_s^2 A_{qq,h}^{NS,(2)} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + a_s^2 \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{A}_{hq}^{S,(2)} & \tilde{A}_{hg}^{S,(2)} \\ A_{gg,h}^{S,(2)} & A_{gg,h}^{S,(2)} \end{pmatrix} \right] \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(N_f)} \\ g^{(N_f)} \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (6)$$

where we have omitted all the dependencies. So we have obtained the matching conditions for the singlet and the gluon distribution functions.

Now we consider the other distributions. The valence distribution V for $N_f + 1$ active (light) flavours just beyond the threshold m_h^2 is defined as:

$$V^{(N_f+1)} = \sum_{l=1}^{N_f} (l^{(N_f+1)} - \bar{l}^{(N_f+1)}) + (h^{(N_f+1)} - \bar{h}^{(N_f+1)}) \quad (7)$$

¹Note that the light quarks run from 1 to N_f .

but, since $h = \bar{h}$, the last term vanish and we are left with:

$$\begin{aligned} V^{(N_f+1)} &= \sum_{l=1}^{N_f} (l^{(N_f+1)} - \bar{l}^{(N_f+1)}) = \\ [1 + a_s^2 A_{qq,h}^{NS,(2)}] \sum_{l=1}^{N_f} (l^{(N_f)} - \bar{l}^{(N_f)}) &= [1 + a_s^2 A_{qq,h}^{NS,(2)}] V^{(N_f)}. \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

So, this is the matching condition for the valence distribution V .

Now we consider the valence distribution V_3 and V_8 which are both composed only by light quarks, namely:

$$V_3 = (u - \bar{u}) - (d - \bar{d}) \quad \text{and} \quad V_8 = (u - \bar{u}) + (d - \bar{d}) - 2(s - \bar{s}) \quad (9)$$

so that, in these cases, the matching condistions work as in the case of V , i.e.:

$$V_{3,8}^{(N_f+1)} = [1 + a_s^2 A_{qq,h}^{NS,(2)}] V_{3,8}^{(N_f)}. \quad (10)$$

The same holds for T_3 and T_8 , which are defined as:

$$T_3 = (u + \bar{u}) - (d + \bar{d}) \quad \text{and} \quad V_8 = (u + \bar{u}) + (d + \bar{d}) - 2(s + \bar{s}) \quad (11)$$

so:

$$T_{3,8}^{(N_f+1)} = [1 + a_s^2 A_{qq,h}^{NS,(2)}] T_{3,8}^{(N_f)}. \quad (12)$$

The remanining valence distribution V_{15} , V_{24} and V_{35} are defined as:

$$\begin{aligned} V_{15} &= (u - \bar{u}) + (d - \bar{d}) + (s - \bar{s}) - 3(c - \bar{c}) \\ V_{24} &= (u - \bar{u}) + (d - \bar{d}) + (s - \bar{s}) + (c - \bar{c}) - 4(b - \bar{b}) \\ V_{35} &= (u - \bar{u}) + (d - \bar{d}) + (s - \bar{s}) + (c - \bar{c}) + (b - \bar{b}) - 5(t - \bar{t}) \end{aligned} \quad (13)$$

and since in each one of them the heavy quarks appear always as difference between quark and anti-quark, they cancel excatly. For example, at the m_b^2 threshold, V_{15} is entirely composed by light quarks so there is no problem, while V_{24} and V_{35} have also a b -quark contribution, given by $-4(b - \bar{b})$ and $(b - \bar{b})$ respectively (of course, the $t(\bar{t})$ distribubution is zero). Anyway, this terms give no matching condition since the b contribution is exactly equal to the \bar{b} contribution, so that they cancel. So:

$$V_{15,24,35}^{(N_f+1)} = [1 + a_s^2 A_{qq,h}^{NS,(2)}] V_{15,24,35}^{(N_f)}. \quad (14)$$

In the end, to deal with T_{15} , T_{24} and T_{35} , we have to specify the threshold. Indeed, in these cases the heavy quark contribution does not cancel. Their definition is:

$$\begin{aligned} T_{15} &= (u + \bar{u}) + (d + \bar{d}) + (s + \bar{s}) - 3(c + \bar{c}) \\ T_{24} &= (u + \bar{u}) + (d + \bar{d}) + (s + \bar{s}) + (c + \bar{c}) - 4(b + \bar{b}) \\ T_{35} &= (u + \bar{u}) + (d + \bar{d}) + (s + \bar{s}) + (c + \bar{c}) + (b + \bar{b}) - 5(t + \bar{t}). \end{aligned} \quad (15)$$

Just before the threshold m_c^2 we have only 3 active light flavours (u , d and s), while just beyond m_c^2 we have 4 active flavours and among them the flavour c is considered to be heavy. Of course, we have no b and t contribution (so T_{24} and T_{35} are equal). So the matching conditions are:

$$\begin{aligned} T_{15}^{(4)} &= [1 + a_s^2 A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}] \underbrace{\sum_{l=u,d,s} (l^{(3)} + \bar{l}^{(3)})}_{\Sigma^{(3)}} - 3a_s^2 [\tilde{A}_{cq}^{S,(2)} \Sigma^{(3)} + \tilde{A}_{cg}^{S,(2)} g^{(3)}] = \\ &\quad \left(1 + a_s^2 [A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)} - 3\tilde{A}_{cq}^{S,(2)}] \quad -3a_s^2 \tilde{A}_{cg}^{S,(2)} \right) \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)} \\ g^{(3)} \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (16)$$

while:

$$T_{24,35}^{(4)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 + a_s^2 [A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)} + \tilde{A}_{cq}^{S,(2)}] & a_s^2 \tilde{A}_{cg}^{S,(2)} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)} \\ g^{(3)} \end{pmatrix}. \quad (17)$$

We can put the above relation in a matricial form:

$$\begin{pmatrix} T_{15}^{(4)} \\ T_{24}^{(4)} \\ T_{35}^{(4)} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 + a_s^2 [A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)} - 3\tilde{A}_{cq}^{S,(2)}] & -3a_s^2 \tilde{A}_{cg}^{S,(2)} \\ 1 + a_s^2 [A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)} + \tilde{A}_{cq}^{S,(2)}] & a_s^2 \tilde{A}_{cg}^{S,(2)} \\ 1 + a_s^2 [A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)} + \tilde{A}_{cq}^{S,(2)}] & a_s^2 \tilde{A}_{cg}^{S,(2)} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)} \\ g^{(3)} \end{pmatrix}. \quad (18)$$

But now it is easy to generalize. At m_b^2 , T_{15} does not contain, so:

$$T_{15}^{(5)} = [1 + a_s^2 A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] T_{15}^{(4)} \quad (19)$$

while:

$$\begin{pmatrix} T_{24}^{(5)} \\ T_{35}^{(5)} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 + a_s^2 [A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)} - 4\tilde{A}_{bg}^{S,(2)}] & -4a_s^2 \tilde{A}_{bg}^{S,(2)} \\ 1 + a_s^2 [A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)} + \tilde{A}_{bg}^{S,(2)}] & a_s^2 \tilde{A}_{bg}^{S,(2)} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(4)} \\ g^{(4)} \end{pmatrix}. \quad (20)$$

Finally, at m_t^2 we have:

$$\begin{aligned} T_{15}^{(6)} &= [1 + a_s^2 A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] T_{15}^{(5)} \\ T_{24}^{(6)} &= [1 + a_s^2 A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] T_{25}^{(5)} \end{aligned} \quad (21)$$

and:

$$T_{35}^{(6)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 + a_s^2 [A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)} - 5\tilde{A}_{tg}^{S,(2)}] & -5a_s^2 \tilde{A}_{tg}^{S,(2)} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(5)} \\ g^{(5)} \end{pmatrix}. \quad (22)$$

An explicit calculation for the coefficients $A^{(2)}$ in the x -space can be found in [hep-ph/9612398]. Anyhow, that calculation is performed more generally in the case $m_h^2 \neq \mu_F^2$. This results in extra-terms proportional to $\ln(m_h^2/\mu_F^2)$, which vanish if, as we do, one takes the factorization scale μ^2 coinciding with the scale of the process Q^2 . Moreover, in that case also NLO ($\propto a_s$) appear in the matching conditions.

To summarize the PDF matching conditions at the threshold m_h^2 , we have that:

- singlet and gluon couple as follows:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(N_f+1)} \\ g^{(N_f+1)} \end{pmatrix} = \left[\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + a_s^2 A_{qq,h}^{NS,(2)} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + a_s^2 \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{A}_{hq}^{S,(2)} & \tilde{A}_{hg}^{S,(2)} \\ \tilde{A}_{gq,h}^{S,(2)} & \tilde{A}_{gg,h}^{S,(2)} \end{pmatrix} \right] \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(N_f)} \\ g^{(N_f)} \end{pmatrix} \quad (23)$$

- from eqs. (8), (10), (14) and (12), one can see that V , $V_{3,8,\dots,35}$ and $T_{3,8}$ behave in the same way, i.e.:

$$P^{(N_f+1)} = [1 + a_s^2 A_{qq,h}^{NS,(2)}] P^{(N_f)} \quad \text{with} \quad P = V, V_3, \dots, V_{35}, T_3, T_8 \quad (24)$$

- T_{15} , T_{24} and T_{35} have different matching conditions depending on the threshold. In particular: for $m_h^2 = m_c^2$ they are given by eq. (18), for $m_h^2 = m_b^2$ they are given by eqs. (19) and (20) and for $m_h^2 = m_t^2$ they are given by eqs. (21) and (22)

In the following Sections we will discuss how to write the evolution kernels in the presence of the matching conditions. We will explicitly consider only the forward evolution, i.e. the final scale Q^2 greater than the initial one Q_0^2 . Anyway the backward evolution ($Q_0^2 > Q^2$) can be easily obtained from the forward one. In fact, given the evolution kernel Γ , the following relation holds:

$$\Gamma(Q^2, Q_0^2) \Gamma(Q_0^2, Q^2) = 1 \implies \Gamma(Q^2, Q_0^2) = \Gamma^{-1}(Q_0^2, Q^2). \quad (25)$$

so, if $Q^2 > Q_0^2$ the code computes directly $\Gamma(Q^2, Q_0^2)$, else if $Q_0^2 > Q^2$ the code evaluates first the forward evolution $\Gamma(Q_0^2, Q^2)$ and then, to get $\Gamma(Q^2, Q_0^2)$, it calculates $\Gamma^{-1}(Q_0^2, Q^2)$.

1.1 Matching Conditions on the Evolution Kernels: 0 Thresholds Crossing

Before to discuss the crossing of the thresholds, it would be useful to write down the evolution kernels in the “trivial” situation of no threshold crossing. There are 4 particular cases: 1) $Q_0^2 < Q^2 < m_c^2$ with $N_f = 3$ active flavours, 2) $m_c^2 < Q_0^2 < Q^2 < m_b^2$ with $N_f = 4$ active flavours, 3) $m_b^2 < Q_0^2 < Q^2 < m_t^2$ with $N_f = 5$ active flavours and 4) $m_t^2 < Q_0^2 < Q^2$ with $N_f = 6$ active flavours, which do not need the introduction of the matching conditions. So, in the following Subsections we will write down the evolution of the whole PDF set for these cases.

1.1.1 $Q_0^2 < Q^2 < m_c^2$

- Singlet and gluon:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)}(Q^2) \\ g^{(3)}(Q^2) \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(Q^2, Q_0^2)} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \quad (26)$$

- \mathbf{V} :

$$V^{(3)}(Q^2) = \Gamma^v(Q^2, Q_0^2) V^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (27)$$

- \mathbf{V}_3 and \mathbf{V}_8 :

$$V_{3,8}^{(3)}(Q^2) = \Gamma^-(Q^2, Q_0^2) V_{3,8}^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (28)$$

- \mathbf{V}_{15} , \mathbf{V}_{24} and \mathbf{V}_{35} :

$$V_{15,24,35}^{(3)}(Q^2) = \Gamma^v(Q^2, Q_0^2) V^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (29)$$

- \mathbf{T}_3 and \mathbf{T}_8 :

$$T_{3,8}^{(3)}(Q^2) = \Gamma^+(Q^2, Q_0^2) T_{3,8}^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (30)$$

- \mathbf{T}_{15} , \mathbf{T}_{24} and \mathbf{T}_{35} :

$$T_{15,24,35}^{(3)}(Q^2) = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(Q^2, Q_0^2)} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \quad (31)$$

1.1.2 $m_c^2 < Q_0^2 < Q^2 < m_b^2$

- Singlet and gluon:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(4)}(Q^2) \\ g^{(4)}(Q^2) \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(Q^2, Q_0^2)} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \quad (32)$$

- \mathbf{V} :

$$V^{(4)}(Q^2) = \Gamma^v(Q^2, Q_0^2) V^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \quad (33)$$

- \mathbf{V}_3 , \mathbf{V}_8 and \mathbf{V}_{15} :

$$V_{3,8,15}^{(4)}(Q^2) = \Gamma^-(Q^2, Q_0^2) V_{3,8,15}^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \quad (34)$$

- \mathbf{V}_{24} and \mathbf{V}_{35} :

$$V_{24,35}^{(4)}(Q^2) = \Gamma^v(Q^2, Q_0^2) V^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \quad (35)$$

- \mathbf{T}_3 , \mathbf{T}_8 and \mathbf{T}_{15} :

$$T_{3,8,15}^{(4)}(Q^2) = \Gamma^+(Q^2, Q_0^2) T_{3,8,15}^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \quad (36)$$

- \mathbf{T}_{24} and \mathbf{T}_{35} :

$$T_{24,35}^{(4)}(Q^2) = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(Q^2, Q_0^2)} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \quad (37)$$

1.1.3 $m_b^2 < Q_0^2 < Q^2 < m_t^2$

- Singlet and gluon:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(5)}(Q^2) \\ g^{(5)}(Q^2) \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(Q^2, Q_0^2)} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(5)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(5)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \quad (38)$$

- \mathbf{V} :

$$V^{(5)}(Q^2) = \Gamma^v(Q^2, Q_0^2) V^{(5)}(Q_0^2) \quad (39)$$

- $\mathbf{V}_3, \mathbf{V}_8, \mathbf{V}_{15}$ and \mathbf{V}_{24} :

$$V_{3,8,15,24}^{(5)}(Q^2) = \Gamma^-(Q^2, Q_0^2) V_{3,8,15,24}^{(5)}(Q_0^2) \quad (40)$$

- \mathbf{V}_{35} :

$$V_{35}^{(5)}(Q^2) = \Gamma^v(Q^2, Q_0^2) V^{(5)}(Q_0^2) \quad (41)$$

- $\mathbf{T}_3, \mathbf{T}_8, \mathbf{T}_{15}$ and \mathbf{T}_{24} :

$$T_{3,8,15,24}^{(5)}(Q^2) = \Gamma^+(Q^2, Q_0^2) T_{3,8,15,24}^{(5)}(Q_0^2) \quad (42)$$

- \mathbf{T}_{35} :

$$T_{35}^{(5)}(Q^2) = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(Q^2, Q_0^2)} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(5)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(5)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \quad (43)$$

1.1.4 $m_t^2 < Q_0^2 < Q^2$

- Singlet and gluon:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(6)}(Q^2) \\ g^{(6)}(Q^2) \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(Q^2, Q_0^2)} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(6)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(6)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \quad (44)$$

- \mathbf{V} :

$$V^{(6)}(Q^2) = \Gamma^v(Q^2, Q_0^2) V^{(6)}(Q_0^2) \quad (45)$$

- $\mathbf{V}_3, \mathbf{V}_8, \mathbf{V}_{15}, \mathbf{V}_{24}$ and \mathbf{V}_{35} :

$$V_{3,8,15,24,35}^{(6)}(Q^2) = \Gamma^-(Q^2, Q_0^2) V_{3,8,15,24,35}^{(6)}(Q_0^2) \quad (46)$$

- $\mathbf{T}_3, \mathbf{T}_8, \mathbf{T}_{15}, \mathbf{T}_{24}$ and \mathbf{T}_{35} :

$$T_{3,8,15,24,35}^{(6)}(Q^2) = \Gamma^+(Q^2, Q_0^2) T_{3,8,15,24,35}^{(6)}(Q_0^2) \quad (47)$$

1.2 Matching Conditions on the Evolution Kernels: 1 Threshold Crossing

In order to implement the matching conditions in our code, we will show how to transfer them from the PDFs to the evolution kernels.

In this Section we suppose that the evolution crosses only one threshold. We will show how the matching conditions on the PDFs modify the form of the evolution kernels in the cases: 1) $Q_0^2 < m_c^2 \leq Q^2$, 2) $Q_0^2 < m_b^2 \leq Q^2$ and $Q_0^2 < m_c^2 \leq Q^2$.

1.2.1 $Q_0^2 < m_c^2 \leq Q^2$

In order to evolve PDFs from the scale Q_0^2 to Q^2 passing through the threshold m_c^2 , we have to: first evolve them from Q_0^2 to m_c^2 , where there are 3 active flavours, then increase the number of active flavour from 3 to 4 by imposing the matching conditions, and in the end evolve the PDFs, now having 4 active flavours, from m_c^2 to the scale Q^2 .

In what follows we will work only in the Mellin space, so we will drop any dependence on N .

Let's start with singlet and gluon. We have:

$$\binom{\Sigma^{(4)}}{g^{(4)}}(Q^2) = \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}(Q^2, m_c^2) \binom{\Sigma^{(4)}}{g^{(4)}}(m_c^2). \quad (48)$$

From eq. (23):

$$\binom{\Sigma^{(4)}}{g^{(4)}}(m_c^2) = \left[\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + a_s^2(m_c^2) \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{A}_{cq}^{S,(2)} & \tilde{A}_{cg}^{S,(2)} \\ A_{gq,c}^{S,(2)} & A_{gg,c}^{S,(2)} \end{pmatrix} \right] \binom{\Sigma^{(3)}}{g^{(3)}}(m_c^2) \quad (49)$$

now, substituting the above relation into the eq. (48), we get:

$$\begin{aligned} \binom{\Sigma^{(4)}}{g^{(4)}}(Q^2) &= \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}(Q^2, m_c^2) \left[\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \right. \\ &\quad \left. a_s^2(m_c^2) \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{A}_{cq}^{S,(2)} & \tilde{A}_{cg}^{S,(2)} \\ A_{gq,c}^{S,(2)} & A_{gg,c}^{S,(2)} \end{pmatrix} \right] \binom{\Sigma^{(3)}}{g^{(3)}}(m_c^2). \end{aligned} \quad (50)$$

But:

$$\binom{\Sigma^{(3)}}{g^{(3)}}(m_c^2) = \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \binom{\Sigma^{(3)}}{g^{(3)}}(Q_0^2). \quad (51)$$

So, in the end:

$$\begin{aligned} \binom{\Sigma^{(4)}}{g^{(4)}}(Q^2) &= \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}(Q^2, m_c^2) \left[\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. a_s^2(m_c^2) \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{A}_{cq}^{S,(2)} & \tilde{A}_{cg}^{S,(2)} \\ A_{gq,c}^{S,(2)} & A_{gg,c}^{S,(2)} \end{pmatrix} \right] \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} \binom{\Sigma^{(3)}}{g^{(3)}}(Q_0^2) \end{aligned} \quad (52)$$

Now we consider the distributions V , $V_{3,8}$ and $T_{3,8}$ which evolve respectively through Γ^v , Γ^- and Γ^+ , but which obey the same matching conditions. So:

$$P^{(4)}(Q^2) = \Gamma^{(P)}(Q^2, m_c^2) P^{(4)}(m_c^2) \quad (53)$$

so that:

$$P = \begin{cases} V & \rightarrow \Gamma^{(P)} = \Gamma^v \\ V_{3,8} & \rightarrow \Gamma^{(P)} = \Gamma^- \\ T_{3,8} & \rightarrow \Gamma^{(P)} = \Gamma^+ \end{cases} \quad (54)$$

but:

$$P^{(4)}(m_c^2) = [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}] P^{(3)}(m_c^2) \quad (55)$$

and:

$$P^{(3)}(m_c^2) = \Gamma^{(P)}(m_c^2, Q_0^2) P^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (56)$$

so that:

$$P^{(4)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^{(P)}(Q^2, m_c^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^{(P)}(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} P^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (57)$$

Now we consider V_{15} , which before m_c^2 evolves as:

$$V_{15}^{(3)}(m_c^2) = \Gamma^v(m_c^2, Q_0^2) V^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (58)$$

while after m_c^2 it evolves as:

$$V_{15}^{(4)}(Q^2) = \Gamma^-(Q_0^2, m_c^2) V_{15}^{(4)}(m_c^2). \quad (59)$$

From eq. (24), we find that the matching condition at m_c^2 is:

$$V_{15}^{(4)}(m_c^2) = [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}] V_{15}^{(3)}(m_c^2) \quad (60)$$

so:

$$V_{15}^{(4)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^-(Q^2, m_c^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^v(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (61)$$

Instead, for $Q_0^2 < m_c^2 \leq Q^2$, both V_{24} and V_{35} evolve as:

$$V_{24,35}^{(4)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^v(Q^2, m_c^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^v(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (62)$$

Now, we consider T_{15} . After m_c^2 , it evolves as:

$$T_{15}^{(4)}(Q^2) = \Gamma^+(Q^2, m_c^2) T_{15}^{(4)}(m_c^2). \quad (63)$$

This time the matching condition is given by the first line of eq. (18):

$$T_{15}^{(4)}(m_c^2) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) [A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)} - 3\tilde{A}_{cq}^{S,(2)}] & -3a_s^2(m_c^2) \tilde{A}_{cg}^{S,(2)} \\ -3a_s^2(m_c^2) \tilde{A}_{cg}^{S,(2)} & g^{(3)}(m_c^2) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)}(m_c^2) \\ g^{(3)}(m_c^2) \end{pmatrix}. \quad (64)$$

But:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)}(m_c^2) \\ g^{(3)}(m_c^2) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq}(m_c^2, Q_0^2) & \Gamma_{qq}(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \\ \Gamma_{gg}(m_c^2, Q_0^2) & \Gamma_{gg}(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \quad (65)$$

In the end, one finds that:

$$\begin{aligned} T_{15}^{(4)}(Q^2) &= \left\{ \Gamma^+(Q^2, m_c^2) \left(1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) [A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)} - 3\tilde{A}_{cq}^{S,(2)}] - 3a_s^2(m_c^2) \tilde{A}_{cg}^{S,(2)} \right) \times \right. \\ &\quad \left. \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq}(m_c^2, Q_0^2) & \Gamma_{gg}(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \\ \Gamma_{gg}(m_c^2, Q_0^2) & \Gamma_{gg}(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \right\} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (66)$$

Now we are left only with T_{24} and T_{35} , which evolve as the single before and after the threshold, so they evolve exactly as the first line of eq. (52), i.e:

$$\begin{aligned} T_{24,35}^{(4)}(Q^2) &= \left\{ (\Gamma_{qq} \quad \Gamma_{gg})(Q^2, m_c^2) \left[\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. a_s^2(m_c^2) \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{A}_{cq}^{S,(2)} & \tilde{A}_{cg}^{S,(2)} \\ A_{gq,c}^{S,(2)} & A_{gg,c}^{S,(2)} \end{pmatrix} \right] \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{gg} \\ \Gamma_{gg} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix} (m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)} \\ g^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} (Q_0^2) \end{aligned} \quad (67)$$

Now, let us summarize what happens to the evolution kernels, by introducing the matching conditions, if one crosses the m_c^2 threshold. We remind that the matching conditions appear only from the NNLO.

- **Singlet and gluon:**

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(4)}(Q^2) \\ g^{(4)}(Q^2) \end{pmatrix} = \left\{ \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{gg} \\ \Gamma_{gg} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(Q^2, m_c^2)} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^c & M_{12}^c \\ M_{21}^c & M_{22}^c \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_c^2, Q_0^2)} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{gg} \\ \Gamma_{gg} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_c^2, Q_0^2)} \right\} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \quad (68)$$

where:

$$\begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^c & M_{12}^c \\ M_{21}^c & M_{22}^c \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + a_s^2(m_c^2) \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{A}_{cq}^{S,(2)} & \tilde{A}_{cg}^{S,(2)} \\ A_{gq,c}^{S,(2)} & A_{gg,c}^{S,(2)} \end{pmatrix} \quad (69)$$

- **V:**

$$V^{(4)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^v(Q^2, m_c^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^v(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (70)$$

- **V₃** and **V₈**:

$$V_{3,8}^{(4)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^-(Q^2, m_c^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^-(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V_{3,8}^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (71)$$

- **V₁₅**:

$$V_{15}^{(4)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^-(Q^2, m_c^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^v(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (72)$$

- **V₂₄** and **V₃₅**:

$$V_{24,35}^{(4)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^v(Q^2, m_c^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^v(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (73)$$

- **T₃** and **T₈**:

$$T_{3,8}^{(4)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^+(Q^2, m_c^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^+(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} T_{3,8}^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (74)$$

- **T₁₅**:

$$\begin{aligned} T_{15}^{(4)}(Q^2) = & \left\{ \Gamma^+(Q^2, m_c^2) \left(1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) [A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)} - 3\tilde{A}_{cq}^{S,(2)}] \right) - 3a_s^2(m_c^2) \tilde{A}_{cg}^{S,(2)} \right\} \times \\ & \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_c^2, Q_0^2)} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (75)$$

- **T₂₄** and **T₃₅**:

$$T_{24,35}^{(4)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qa} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(Q^2, m_c^2)} \begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^c & M_{12}^c \\ M_{21}^c & M_{22}^c \end{pmatrix} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_c^2, Q_0^2)} \right\} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \quad (76)$$

Now, it is very easy to rewrite the above summary for the crossing of the remaining thresholds m_b^2 ($Q_0^2 < m_b^2 \leq Q^2$) and m_t^2 ($Q_0^2 < m_t^2 \leq Q^2$).

1.2.2 $Q_0^2 < m_b^2 \leq Q^2$

- Singlet and gluon:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(5)}(Q^2) \\ g^{(5)}(Q^2) \end{pmatrix} = \left\{ \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(Q^2, m_b^2)} \begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^b & M_{12}^b \\ M_{21}^b & M_{22}^b \end{pmatrix} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_b^2, Q_0^2)} \right\} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \quad (77)$$

where:

$$\begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^b & M_{12}^b \\ M_{21}^b & M_{22}^b \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + a_s^2(m_b^2) A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + a_s^2(m_b^2) \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{A}_{bq}^{S,(2)} & \tilde{A}_{bg}^{S,(2)} \\ A_{gq,b}^{S,(2)} & A_{gg,b}^{S,(2)} \end{pmatrix} \quad (78)$$

- **V:**

$$V^{(5)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^v(Q^2, m_b^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^v(m_b^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \quad (79)$$

- **V₃, V₈ and V₁₅:**

$$V_{3,8,15}^{(5)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^-(Q^2, m_b^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^-(m_b^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V_{3,8,15}^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \quad (80)$$

- **V₂₄:**

$$V_{24}^{(5)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^-(Q_0^2, m_b^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^v(m_b^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \quad (81)$$

- **V₃₅:**

$$V_{35}^{(5)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^v(Q_0^2, m_b^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^v(m_b^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \quad (82)$$

- **T₃, T₈ and T₁₅:**

$$T_{3,8,15}^{(5)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^+(Q^2, m_b^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^+(m_b^2, Q_0^2) \right\} T_{3,8,15}^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \quad (83)$$

- **T₂₄:**

$$\begin{aligned} T_{24}^{(5)}(Q^2) &= \left\{ \Gamma^+(Q^2, m_b^2) \left(1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) [A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)} - 4\tilde{A}_{bq}^{S,(2)}] - 4a_s^2(m_b^2) \tilde{A}_{bg}^{S,(2)} \right) \times \right. \\ &\quad \left. \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_b^2, Q_0^2)} \right\} \left(\begin{matrix} \Sigma^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \end{matrix} \right) \end{aligned} \quad (84)$$

- **T₃₅:**

$$T_{35}^{(5)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(Q^2, m_b^2)} \begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^b & M_{12}^b \\ M_{21}^b & M_{22}^b \end{pmatrix} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_b^2, Q_0^2)} \right\} \left(\begin{matrix} \Sigma^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \end{matrix} \right) \quad (85)$$

1.2.3 $Q_0^2 < m_t^2 \leq Q^2$

- **Singlet and gluon:**

$$\left(\begin{matrix} \Sigma^{(6)}(Q^2) \\ g^{(6)}(Q^2) \end{matrix} \right) = \left\{ \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(Q^2, m_t^2)} \begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^t & M_{12}^t \\ M_{21}^t & M_{22}^t \end{pmatrix} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_t^2, Q_0^2)} \right\} \left(\begin{matrix} \Sigma^{(5)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(5)}(Q_0^2) \end{matrix} \right) \quad (86)$$

where:

$$\begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^t & M_{12}^t \\ M_{21}^t & M_{22}^t \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + a_s^2(m_t^2) A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + a_s^2(m_t^2) \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{A}_{tq}^{S,(2)} & \tilde{A}_{tg}^{S,(2)} \\ A_{gq,t}^{S,(2)} & A_{gg,t}^{S,(2)} \end{pmatrix} \quad (87)$$

- **V:**

$$V^{(6)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^v(Q^2, m_t^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_t^2) A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^v(m_t^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(5)}(Q_0^2) \quad (88)$$

- **V₃, V₈, V₁₅ and V₂₄:**

$$V_{3,8,15,24}^{(6)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^-(Q^2, m_t^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_t^2) A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^-(m_t^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V_{3,8,15,24}^{(5)}(Q_0^2) \quad (89)$$

- **V₃₅:**

$$V_{35}^{(6)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^-(Q_0^2, m_t^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_t^2) A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^v(m_t^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(5)}(Q_0^2) \quad (90)$$

- **T₃, T₈, T₁₅ and T₂₄:**

$$T_{3,8,15,24}^{(6)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^+(Q^2, m_t^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_t^2) A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^+(m_t^2, Q_0^2) \right\} T_{3,8,15,24}^{(5)}(Q_0^2) \quad (91)$$

- **T₃₅:**

$$\begin{aligned} T_{35}^{(6)}(Q^2) &= \left\{ \Gamma^+(Q^2, m_t^2) \left(1 + a_s^2(m_t^2) [A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)} - 5\tilde{A}_{tq}^{S,(2)}] - 5a_s^2(m_t^2) \tilde{A}_{tg}^{S,(2)} \right) \times \right. \\ &\quad \left. \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_t^2, Q_0^2)} \right\} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(5)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(5)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (92)$$

1.3 Matching Conditions on the Evolution Kernels: 2 Thresholds Crossing

In this Section we will discuss the case in which the evolution crosses two thresholds. Therefore there are only two situations: 1) $Q_0^2 < m_c^2 < m_b^2 \leq Q^2$ and 2) $Q_0^2 < m_b^2 < m_t^2 \leq Q^2$. Anyway, there is nothing new, indeed to obtain such evolution kernels we have just to “merge” together what we have already done in the previous Section.

1.3.1 $Q_0^2 < m_c^2 < m_b^2 \leq Q^2$

- Singlet and gluon:

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(5)}(Q^2) \\ g^{(5)}(Q^2) \end{pmatrix} &= \left\{ \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(Q^2, m_b^2)} \begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^b & M_{12}^b \\ M_{21}^b & M_{22}^b \end{pmatrix} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_b^2, m_c^2)} \times \right. \\ &\quad \left. \begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^c & M_{12}^c \\ M_{21}^c & M_{22}^c \end{pmatrix} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_c^2, Q_0^2)} \right\} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (93)$$

- **V:**

$$\begin{aligned} V^{(5)}(Q^2) &= \left\{ \Gamma^v(Q^2, m_b^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \times \right. \\ &\quad \left. \Gamma^v(m_b^2, m_c^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^v(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{aligned} \quad (94)$$

- **V₃ and V₈:**

$$\begin{aligned} V_{3,8}^{(5)}(Q^2) &= \left\{ \Gamma^-(Q^2, m_b^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \times \right. \\ &\quad \left. \Gamma^-(m_b^2, m_c^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^-(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V_{3,8}^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{aligned} \quad (95)$$

- **V₁₅:**

$$\begin{aligned} V_{15}^{(5)}(Q^2) &= \left\{ \Gamma^-(Q^2, m_b^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \times \right. \\ &\quad \left. \Gamma^-(m_b^2, m_c^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^v(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{aligned} \quad (96)$$

• **V₂₄:**

$$V_{24}^{(5)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^-(Q^2, m_b^2)[1 + a_s^2(m_b^2)A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \times \right. \\ \left. \Gamma^v(m_b^2, m_c^2)[1 + a_s^2(m_c^2)A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}]\Gamma^v(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (97)$$

• **V₃₅:**

$$V_{35}^{(5)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^v(Q^2, m_b^2)[1 + a_s^2(m_b^2)A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \times \right. \\ \left. \Gamma^v(m_b^2, m_c^2)[1 + a_s^2(m_c^2)A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}]\Gamma^v(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (98)$$

• **T₃ and T₈:**

$$T_{3,8}^{(5)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^+(Q^2, m_b^2)[1 + a_s^2(m_b^2)A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \times \right. \\ \left. \Gamma^+(m_b^2, m_c^2)[1 + a_s^2(m_c^2)A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}]\Gamma^+(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} T_{3,8}^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (99)$$

• **T₁₅:**

$$T_{15}^{(5)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^+(Q^2, m_b^2)[1 + a_s^2(m_b^2)A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}]\Gamma^+(m_b^2, m_c^2) \times \right. \\ \left. \left(1 + a_s^2(m_c^2)[A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)} - 3\tilde{A}_{cq}^{S,(2)}] \quad -3a_s^2(m_c^2)\tilde{A}_{cg}^{S,(2)} \right) \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gg} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_c^2, Q_0^2)} \right\} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \quad (100)$$

• **T₂₄:**

$$T_{24}^{(5)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^+(Q^2, m_b^2) \left(1 + a_s^2(m_b^2)[A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)} - 4\tilde{A}_{bg}^{S,(2)}] \quad -4a_s^2(m_b^2)\tilde{A}_{bg}^{S,(2)} \right) \times \right. \\ \left. \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gg} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_b^2, m_c^2)} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^c & M_{12}^c \\ M_{21}^c & M_{22}^c \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_c^2, Q_0^2)} \right\} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \quad (101)$$

• **T₃₅:**

$$T_{35}^{(5)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gg} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(Q^2, m_b^2)} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^b & M_{12}^b \\ M_{21}^b & M_{22}^b \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_b^2, m_c^2)} \right\} \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gg} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix} \times \\ \left. \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^c & M_{12}^c \\ M_{21}^c & M_{22}^c \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_c^2, Q_0^2)} \right\} \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gg} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix} \right\} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \quad (102)$$

1.3.2 $Q_0^2 < m_b^2 < m_t^2 \leq Q^2$

- Singlet and gluon:

$$\begin{aligned} \binom{\Sigma^{(6)}(Q^2)}{g^{(6)}(Q^2)} = & \left\{ \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(Q^2, m_t^2)} \begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^t & M_{12}^t \\ M_{21}^t & M_{22}^t \end{pmatrix} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_t^2, m_b^2)} \times \right. \\ & \left. \begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^b & M_{12}^b \\ M_{21}^b & M_{22}^b \end{pmatrix} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_b^2, Q_0^2)} \right\} \binom{\Sigma^{(4)}(Q_0^2)}{g^{(4)}(Q_0^2)} \end{aligned} \quad (103)$$

- **V:**

$$V^{(6)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^v(Q^2, m_t^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_t^2) A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] \times \right. \\ \left. \Gamma^v(m_t^2, m_b^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^v(m_b^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \quad (104)$$

- **V₃, V₈ and V₁₅:**

$$V_{3,8,15}^{(6)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^-(Q^2, m_t^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_t^2) A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] \times \right. \\ \left. \Gamma^-(m_t^2, m_b^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^-(m_b^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V_{3,8,15}^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \quad (105)$$

- **V₂₄:**

$$V_{24}^{(6)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^-(Q^2, m_t^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_t^2) A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] \times \right. \\ \left. \Gamma^-(m_t^2, m_b^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^v(m_b^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \quad (106)$$

- **V₃₅:**

$$V_{35}^{(6)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^-(Q^2, m_t^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_t^2) A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] \times \right. \\ \left. \Gamma^v(m_t^2, m_b^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^v(m_b^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \quad (107)$$

- **T₃, T₈ and T₁₅:**

$$T_{3,8,15}^{(6)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^+(Q^2, m_t^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_t^2) A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] \times \right. \\ \left. \Gamma^+(m_t^2, m_b^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^+(m_b^2, Q_0^2) \right\} T_{3,8,15}^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \quad (108)$$

- **T₂₄:**

$$T_{24}^{(6)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^+(Q^2, m_t^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_t^2) A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^+(m_t^2, m_b^2) \times \right. \\ \left. \begin{pmatrix} 1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) [A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)} - 4\tilde{A}_{bq}^{S,(2)}] & -4a_s^2(m_b^2) \tilde{A}_{bg}^{S,(2)} \end{pmatrix} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_b^2, Q_0^2)} \right\} \binom{\Sigma^{(4)}(Q_0^2)}{g^{(4)}(Q_0^2)} \quad (109)$$

- \mathbf{T}_{35} :

$$T_{35}^{(6)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^+(Q^2, m_t^2) \left(1 + a_s^2(m_t^2) [A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)} - 5\tilde{A}_{tq}^{S,(2)}] - 5a_s^2(m_t^2)\tilde{A}_{tg}^{S,(2)} \right) \times \right.$$

$$\left. \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gg} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_t^2, m_b^2)} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^b & M_{12}^b \\ M_{21}^b & M_{22}^b \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_b^2, Q_0^2)} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gg} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_b^2, Q_0^2)} \right\} \left(\begin{array}{l} \Sigma^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(4)}(Q_0^2) \end{array} \right) \quad (110)$$

1.4 Matching Conditions on the Evolution Kernels: 3 Thresholds Crossing

In this Section we will discuss the case in which the evolution crosses three thresholds. Therefore there is only one situation: $Q_0^2 < m_c^2 < m_b^2, m_t^2 \leq Q^2$

1.4.1 $Q_0^2 < m_c^2 < m_b^2 < m_t^2 \leq Q^2$

- Singlet and gluon:

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \Sigma^{(6)}(Q^2) \\ g^{(6)}(Q^2) \end{array} \right) = \left\{ \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gg} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(Q^2, m_t^2)} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^t & M_{12}^t \\ M_{21}^t & M_{22}^t \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_t^2, m_b^2)} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gg} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_b^2, m_c^2)} \times \right.$$

$$\left. \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^b & M_{12}^b \\ M_{21}^b & M_{22}^b \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_b^2, m_c^2)} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gg} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_c^2, Q_0^2)} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^c & M_{12}^c \\ M_{21}^c & M_{22}^c \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_c^2, Q_0^2)} \right\} \left(\begin{array}{l} \Sigma^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{array} \right) \quad (111)$$

- \mathbf{V} :

$$V^{(6)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^v(Q^2, m_t^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_t^2) A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] \times \right.$$

$$\Gamma^v(m_t^2, m_b^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^v(m_b^2, m_c^2)$$

$$\left. [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^v(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (112)$$

- \mathbf{V}_3 and \mathbf{V}_8 :

$$V_{3,8}^{(6)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^-(Q^2, m_t^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_t^2) A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] \times \right.$$

$$\Gamma^-(m_t^2, m_b^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^-(m_b^2, m_c^2)$$

$$\left. [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^-(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V_{3,8}^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (113)$$

- \mathbf{V}_{15} :

$$V_{15}^{(6)}(Q^2) = \left\{ \Gamma^-(Q^2, m_t^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_t^2) A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] \times \right.$$

$$\Gamma^-(m_t^2, m_b^2) [1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^-(m_b^2, m_c^2)$$

$$\left. [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2) A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}] \Gamma^v(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \quad (114)$$

• **V₂₄:**

$$\begin{aligned}
V_{15}^{(6)}(Q^2) = & \left\{ \Gamma^-(Q^2, m_t^2)[1 + a_s^2(m_t^2)A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] \times \right. \\
& \Gamma^-(m_t^2, m_b^2)[1 + a_s^2(m_b^2)A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}]\Gamma^v(m_b^2, m_c^2) \\
& \left. [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2)A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}]\Gamma^v(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(3)}(Q_0^2)
\end{aligned} \tag{115}$$

• **V₃₅:**

$$\begin{aligned}
V_{15}^{(6)}(Q^2) = & \left\{ \Gamma^-(Q^2, m_t^2)[1 + a_s^2(m_t^2)A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] \times \right. \\
& \Gamma^v(m_t^2, m_b^2)[1 + a_s^2(m_b^2)A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}]\Gamma^v(m_b^2, m_c^2) \\
& \left. [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2)A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}]\Gamma^v(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} V^{(3)}(Q_0^2)
\end{aligned} \tag{116}$$

• **T₃ and T₈:**

$$\begin{aligned}
T_{3,8}^{(6)}(Q^2) = & \left\{ \Gamma^+(Q^2, m_t^2)[1 + a_s^2(m_t^2)A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] \times \right. \\
& \Gamma^+(m_t^2, m_b^2)[1 + a_s^2(m_b^2)A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}]\Gamma^+(m_b^2, m_c^2) \\
& \left. [1 + a_s^2(m_c^2)A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)}]\Gamma^+(m_c^2, Q_0^2) \right\} T_{3,8}^{(3)}(Q_0^2)
\end{aligned} \tag{117}$$

• **T₁₅:**

$$\begin{aligned}
T_{15}^{(6)}(Q^2) = & \left\{ \Gamma^+(Q^2, m_t^2)[1 + a_s^2(m_t^2)A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}] \times \right. \\
& \Gamma^+(m_t^2, m_b^2)[1 + a_s^2(m_b^2)A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)}]\Gamma^+(m_b^2, m_c^2) \\
& \left(1 + a_s^2(m_c^2)[A_{qq,c}^{NS,(2)} - 3\tilde{A}_{cq}^{S,(2)}] \quad -3a_s^2(m_c^2)\tilde{A}_{cg}^{S,(2)} \right) \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gg} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_c^2, Q_0^2)} \left. \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix} \right\}
\end{aligned} \tag{118}$$

• **T₂₄:**

$$\begin{aligned}
T_{24}^{(6)}(Q^2) = & \left\{ \Gamma^+(Q^2, m_t^2)[1 + a_s^2(m_t^2)A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)}]\Gamma^+(m_t^2, m_b^2) \times \right. \\
& \left(1 + a_s^2(m_b^2)[A_{qq,b}^{NS,(2)} - 4\tilde{A}_{bq}^{S,(2)}] \quad -4a_s^2(m_b^2)\tilde{A}_{bg}^{S,(2)} \right) \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gg} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_b^2, m_c^2)} \times \\
& \left. \begin{pmatrix} M_{11}^c & M_{12}^c \\ M_{21}^c & M_{22}^c \end{pmatrix} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gg} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{pmatrix}}_{(m_c^2, Q_0^2)} \right\} \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{pmatrix}
\end{aligned} \tag{119}$$

• **T₃₅:**

$$\begin{aligned}
T_{35}^{(6)}(Q^2) = & \left\{ \Gamma^+(Q^2, m_t^2) \left(1 + a_s^2(m_b^2) [A_{qq,t}^{NS,(2)} - 5\tilde{A}_{tq}^{S,(2)}] - 5a_s^2(m_t^2)\tilde{A}_{tg}^{S,(2)} \right) \times \right. \\
& \left(\begin{matrix} M_{11}^b & M_{12}^b \\ M_{21}^b & M_{22}^b \end{matrix} \right) \underbrace{\left(\begin{matrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{matrix} \right)}_{(m_b^2, m_c^2)} \\
& \left. \left(\begin{matrix} M_{11}^c & M_{12}^c \\ M_{21}^c & M_{22}^c \end{matrix} \right) \underbrace{\left(\begin{matrix} \Gamma_{qq} & \Gamma_{qg} \\ \Gamma_{gq} & \Gamma_{gg} \end{matrix} \right)}_{(m_c^2, Q_0^2)} \right\} \left(\begin{matrix} \Sigma^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \\ g^{(3)}(Q_0^2) \end{matrix} \right)
\end{aligned} \tag{120}$$

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