

NAME

luatex, dvluatex, luajitex, texlua, texluac – An extended version of pdf_TEX using Lua as an embedded scripting language

SYNOPSIS

luatex [--lua=*FILE*] [*OPTION*]. . . [*TEXNAME*[.tex]] [*COMMANDS*]

luatex [--lua=*FILE*] [*OPTION*]. . . \FIRST-LINE

luatex [--lua=*FILE*] [*OPTION*]. . . &FMT [*ARGS*]

DESCRIPTION

Run the lua_TEX typesetter on *TEXNAME*, usually creating *TEXNAME.pdf*. Any remaining *COMMANDS* are processed as lua_TEX input, after *TEXNAME* is read.

Alternatively, if the first non-option argument begins with a backslash, interpret all non-option arguments as a line of lua_TEX input.

Alternatively, if the first non-option argument begins with a **&**, the next word is taken as the *FMT* to read, overriding all else. Any remaining arguments are processed as above.

If no arguments or options are specified, prompt for input.

If called as **texlua** it acts as lua interpreter. If called as **texluac** it acts as lua bytecode compiler.

Lua_TEX is an extended version of pdf_TEX with Unicode and OpenType font support, embedded **Lua** scripting language, the **e-_TEX** and **Omega** extensions, as well as integrated MetaPost engine, that can create *PDF* files as well as *DVI* files. For more information about luatex, see <http://www.luatex.org>, you can read Lua_TEX manual using texdoc utility (**texdoc luatex**).

All Lua_TEX text input and output is considered to be Unicode text.

In *DVI* mode, lua_TEX can be used as a complete replacement for the _TEX engine.

In *PDF* mode, lua_TEX can natively handle the *PDF*, *JPG*, *JBIG2*, and *PNG* graphics formats. lua_TEX cannot include PostScript or Encapsulated PostScript (EPS) graphics files; first convert them to PDF using **epstopdf** (1).

OPTIONS

When the Lua_TEX executable starts, it looks for the **--lua** commandline option. If there is no **--lua** option, the commandline is interpreted in a similar fashion as in traditional pdf_TEX and Aleph. But if the option is present, Lua_TEX will enter an alternative mode of commandline parsing in comparison to the standard web2c programs. The presence of **--lua** makes most of other options unreliable, because the lua initialization file can disable kpathsea and/or hook functions into various callbacks.

--lua=FILE

The lua initialization file.

The following two options alter the executable behaviour:

--luaonly

Start Lua_TEX as a Lua interpreter. In this mode, it will set Lua's *arg[0]* to the found script name, pushing preceding options in negative values and the rest of the command-line in the positive values, just like the Lua interpreter. Lua_TEX will exit immediately after executing the specified Lua script.

--luaonly

Start Lua_TEX as a Lua byte compiler. In this mode, Lua_TEX is exactly like **luac** from the standalone Lua distribution, except that it does not have the **-I** switch, and that it accepts (but ignores) the **--luaonly** switch.

Then the regular web2c options:

--debug-format

Debug format loading.

--draftmode

Sets `\pdfdraftmode` so lua_TEX doesn't write a PDF and doesn't read any included images, thus speeding up execution.

--enable-write18

Synonym for **--shell-escape**.

--disable-write18

Synonym for **--no-shell-escape**.

--shell-escape

Enable the `\write18{command}` construct, and Lua functions **os.execute()**, **os.exec()**, **os.spawn()**, and **io.popen()**. The *command* can be any shell command. This construct is normally disallowed for security reasons.

--no-shell-escape

Disable the `\write18{command}` construct and the other Lua functions, even if it is enabled in the *texmf.cnf* file.

--shell-restricted

Enable restricted version of `\write18`, **os.execute()**, **os.exec()**, **os.spawn()**, and **io.popen()**, only commands listed in *texmf.cnf* file are allowed.

--file-line-error

Print error messages in the form *file:line:error* which is similar to the way many compilers format them.

--no-file-line-error

Disable printing error messages in the *file:line:error* style.

--fmt=FORMAT

Use *FORMAT* as the name of the format to be used, instead of the name by which lua_TEX was called or a `%&` line.

--help Print help message and exit.

--ini Start in *INI* mode, which is used to dump formats. The *INI* mode can be used for typesetting, but no format is preloaded, and basic initializations like setting catcodes may be required.

- interaction=MODE**
Sets the interaction mode. The *MODE* can be either *batchmode*, *nonstopmode*, *scrollmode*, and *errorstopmode*. The meaning of these modes is the same as that of the corresponding `\`commands.
- jobname=NAME**
Use *NAME* for the job name, instead of deriving it from the name of the input file.
- kpathsea-debug=BITMASK**
Sets path searching debugging flags according to the *BITMASK*. See the *Kpathsea* manual for details.
- mktex=FMT**
Enable `mktex`*FMT* generation, where *FMT* must be either *tex* or *tfm*.
- nosocket**
Disable the `luasocket` (network) library.
- output-comment=STRING**
In *DVI* mode, use *STRING* for the *DVI* file comment instead of the date. This option is ignored in *PDF* mode.
- output-directory=DIRECTORY**
Write output files in *DIRECTORY* instead of the current directory. Look up input files in *DIRECTORY* first, then along the normal search path.
- output-format=FORMAT**
Set the output format mode, where *FORMAT* must be either *pdf* or *dvi*. This also influences the set of graphics formats understood by `luaTEX`.
- progname=NAME**
Pretend to be program *NAME* (only for `kpathsea`).
- recorder**
Enable the filename recorder. This leaves a trace of the files opened for input and output in a file with extension *.fls*.
- safer**
Disable some Lua commands that can easily be abused by a malicious document.
- synctex=NUMBER**
Enable/disable `SyncTEX` extension.
- version**
Print version information and exit.
- credits**
Print credits and version details.
- The following options are ignored:
- 8bit**, **---etex**, **---parse-first-line**, **---no-parse-first-line**
These are always on.
- default-translate-file=TCXNAME**, **---translate-file=TCXNAME**
These are always off.

SEE ALSO

pdf_{tex}(1), **et_{tex}(1)**, **aleph(1)**, **lua(1)**.

AUTHORS

The primary authors of Lua_{TEX} are Taco Hoekwater, Hartmut Henkel, Hans Hagen, and Luigi Scarso, with help from Martin Schröder, Karel Skoupy, and Han The Thanh.

_{TEX} was designed by Donald E. Knuth, who implemented it using his WEB system for Pascal programs. It was ported to Unix at Stanford by Howard Trickey, and at Cornell by Pavel Curtis. The version now offered with the Unix _{TEX} distribution is that generated by the WEB to C system (**web2c**), originally written by Tomas Rokicki and Tim Morgan.

The Lua_{TEX} home page is <http://luatex.org>.